In the written description:

Please amend the paragraph appearing in the present specification at page 3, lines 1-13 as

Docket No.: 0397-0440P

follows:

There mainly exist two groups of cell cycle regulatory factors in cells. One is a group of

kinases which are positive regulatory factors and are referred to as cyclin-dependent kinases

(CDKs), and the other is a group of CDK inhibitors (CDKIs) which are negative regulatory

factors. The CDKs exist in cytoplasm [[as]] in the inactive form. The CDKs are activated, e.g.,

phosphorylated, by phosphorylation, and move into nuclei in the cells. In the nuclei, the CDKs

bind to cyclin molecules to form complexes with cyclin (referred to as activated CDKs

hereinafter) and positively regulate the progress of the cell cycle at various steps of the cell

cycle. On the other hand, the CDKIs inactivate the CDKs by biding binding to the activated

CDKs or CDK simple substances, thereby regulating the cell cycle negatively.

2 of 15 MSW/ETP